

# Exercises

Dynamic Solutions available at [BigIdeasMath.com](http://BigIdeasMath.com)

3.2

## Vocabulary and Core Concept Check

**COMPLETE THE SENTENCE** A linear equation in two variables is an equation that can be written in the form \_\_\_\_\_, where  $m$  and  $b$  are constants.

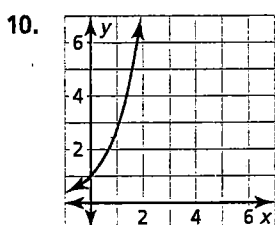
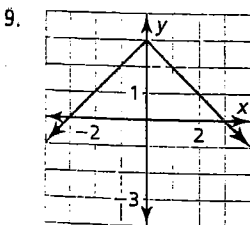
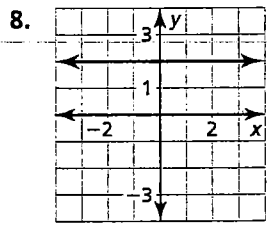
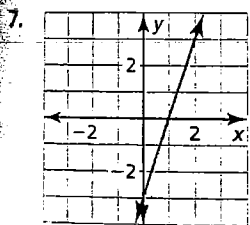
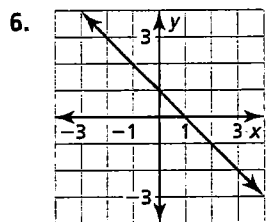
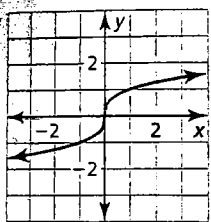
**VOCABULARY** Compare linear functions and nonlinear functions.

**VOCABULARY** Compare discrete domains and continuous domains.

**WRITING** How can you tell whether a graph shows a discrete domain or a continuous domain?

## Monitoring Progress and Modeling with Mathematics

Exercises 5–10, determine whether the graph represents a *linear* or *nonlinear* function. Explain. (See Example 1.)



13.

$x$	4	8	12	16
$y$	16	12	7	1

14.

$x$	-1	0	1	2
$y$	35	20	5	-10

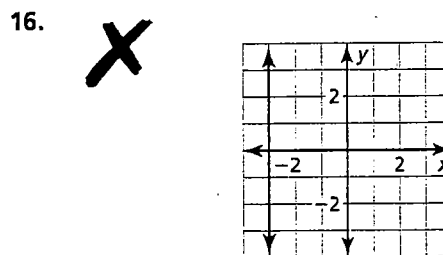
**ERROR ANALYSIS** In Exercises 15 and 16, describe and correct the error in determining whether the table or graph represents a linear function.

15. ~~X~~

$x$	2	4	6	8
$y$	4	16	64	256

$\xrightarrow{+2}$     $\xrightarrow{+2}$     $\xrightarrow{+2}$   
 $\xrightarrow{\times 4}$     $\xrightarrow{\times 4}$     $\xrightarrow{\times 4}$

As  $x$  increases by 2,  $y$  increases by a constant factor of 4. So, the function is linear.



The graph is a line. So, the graph represents a linear function.

In Exercises 11–14, determine whether the table represents a *linear* or *nonlinear* function. Explain. (See Example 2.)

11.

$x$	1	2	3	4
$y$	5	10	15	20

12.

$x$	5	7	9	11
$y$	-9	-3	-1	3

In Exercises 17–24, determine whether the equation represents a *linear* or *nonlinear* function. Explain. (See Example 3.)

17.  $y = x^2 + 13$

18.  $y = 7 - 3x$

19.  $y = \sqrt[3]{8} - x$

20.  $y = 4x(8 - x)$

21.  $2 + \frac{1}{6}y = 3x + 4$

22.  $y - x = 2x - \frac{2}{3}y$

23.  $18x - 2y = 26$

24.  $2x + 3y = 9xy$

25. **CLASSIFYING FUNCTIONS** Which of the following equations *do not* represent linear functions? Explain.

(A)  $12 = 2x^2 + 4y^2$

(B)  $y - x + 3 = x$

(C)  $x = 8$

(D)  $x = 9 - \frac{3}{4}y$

(E)  $y = \frac{5x}{11}$

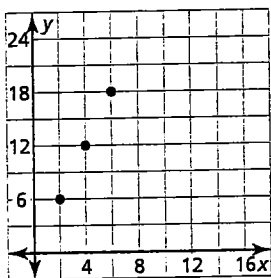
(F)  $y = \sqrt{x} + 3$

26. **USING STRUCTURE** Fill in the table so it represents a linear function.

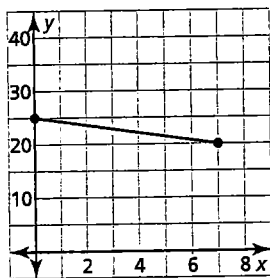
$x$	5	10	15	20	25
$y$	-1				11

In Exercises 27 and 28, find the domain of the function represented by the graph. Determine whether the domain is *discrete* or *continuous*. Explain.

27.



28.



In Exercises 29–32, determine whether the domain is *discrete* or *continuous*. Explain.

29.

Input Bags, $x$	2	4	6
Output Marbles, $y$	20	40	60

30.

Input Years, $x$	1	2	3
Output Height of tree (feet), $y$	6	9	12

31.

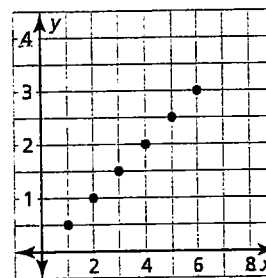
Input Time (hours), $x$	3	6	9
Output Distance (miles), $y$	150	300	450

32.

Input Relay teams, $x$	0	1	2
Output Athletes, $y$	0	4	8

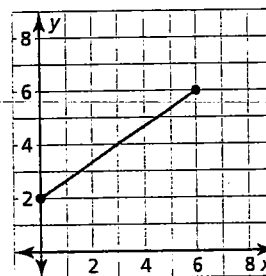
**ERROR ANALYSIS** In Exercises 33 and 34, describe and correct the error in the statement about the domain.

33.



2.5 is in the domain.

34.



The graph ends at  $x = 6$ ,  
so the domain is discrete.

35. **MODELING WITH MATHEMATICS** The linear function  $m = 55 - 8.5b$  represents the amount  $m$  (in dollars) of money that you have after buying  $b$  books. (See Example 4.)

- Find the domain of the function. Is the domain discrete or continuous? Explain.
- Graph the function using its domain.

